SIEMENS



Installation . Operation . Maintenance Instructions

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MTR4.2-101

WARNING

Supply Voltage is hazardous and car cause Electric Shock and burns.

Disconnect Power before proceeding with any work on this equipment.

Champion Series Motors Type 1SE0/1LA2

FRAME SIZES 160 M TO 355 L



Types of Construction:



Three-phase induction motor Type 1SE0 / 1LA2

Table of Content

		Pg. No						
1.	Safe	ty information						
	1.1	Definitions, warning information						
	1.2	Safety and application information						
2.	Description, technical data							
	2.1	General						
	2.2	Terminal Box						
3.	Оре	ration						
	3.1	Inspection, storage and transport						
	3.2	Mounting						
	3.3	Installation						
	3.4	Electrical connection						
		3.4.1 Earthing						
	3.5	Checking the insulation resistance						
	3.6	Bearing and lubrication						
	3.7	Balancing, Transmission elements 8						
	3.8	Commissioning 8						
4	Elec	tromagnetic Compatibility						
5	Mair	ntenance						
	5.1	General						
	5.2	Dismantling						
		5.2.1 Pressing on and pulling off drive elements 10						
		5.2.2 Fans 10						
		5.2.3 Removal of bearing						
	5.3	Reassembly 10						
	5.4	Initial fill of grease						
	5.5	Joint sealing 11						
6	Spar	e Parts 11						
	Арр	licable Standards 11						
	Арр	endix						
	Fig.1	AExploded View for Frame Size 160 to 225 12						
	Fig.1	BExploded View for Frame Size 250 to 355 13						
	Fig.2	Pressing on and pulling off drive elements, Changing bearings						
	Fig.3	3 Terminal Box 1XB1 223 15						
	Fig.4	Terminal Box 1XB7 322 16						
	Fig.5	5 Terminal Box Dimensions (1XB7 422, 1XB7 522, 1XB7 622) 17						
	Fig.6	۶ Arrangement for auxiliary terminal box ١٤						

1 Safety information

1.1 Definitions, warning information

General Note

🔥 Warning

The data and recommendations specified in all the instructions supplied, and in all other related instructions, must always be observed in order to avoid **hazardous situations** and the **risk** of possible injury or damage.

Furthermore, the **pertinent national**, **local** and **plant-specific regulations** and **requirements** should be kept in mind!

Special designs and **other versions** may vary in technical details! If in doubt, be sure to contact the manufacturer, quoting the **type designation** and **serial number**, or have maintenance work done by one of SIEMENS Service Centers.

Marning 🔨

The disposal of waste generated during operation & maintenance of the motor should be done as per the applicable local environmental legislations.

- Waste grease & greased cloth to be collected as hazardous waste and sent to hazardous waste disposal facility for incineration.
- Waste copper windings to be collected as hazardous waste and sent to registered recyclers approved by the respective State Pollution Control Board.

Qualified persons

Only qualified persons who have carefully read and understood the content of this documentation should be entrusted with the commissioning and operation of machines, equipment or systems. Qualified persons as far as the safety instructions given in this documentation are concerned are those who have the necessary authorization to commission, earth and identify equipment, systems and circuits in accordance with the relevant safety standards.

Safety guidelines

This documentation contains instructions, which must be followed closely in order to ensure personal safety and avoid damage to the equipment and machines.

Personal safety instructions are highlighted in the manual by a warning triangle, while damage avoidance instructions are marked as follows depending on the level of danger:

A Danger

Danger means that death or grievous injury will occur if the appropriate precautions are not taken.

🚹 Warning

Warning means that death or grievous injury may occur if the appropriate precautions are not taken.



Caution with a warning triangle means that minor personal injury may occur if the appropriate precautions are not taken.

Caution

Caution without a warning triangle means that damage to property may occur if the appropriate precautions are not taken.

Notice

Notice means that an undesirable result or state might occur if the relevant instructions are not followed.

Note

Note draws particular attention to an important item of information about the product, its use or the corresponding section of the documentation, which could be useful to the user or operator.

Proper usage

Please pay close attention to the following:

Warning

The electrical equipment contains components that are at a dangerous voltage. Before any work is carried out, it must be ensured that the equipment is isolated from the supply.

Only qualified persons may work with this equipment.

These persons must be familiar with all instructions and precautions to be taken / specified in this documentation that are relevant for safety.

Safe and satisfactory operation of this motor presumes satisfactory transport, proper storage, installation and assembly and careful subsequent operation and maintenance.

This motor may only be used for the applications specified in the catalog and the technical description or for which it is seleteced, and only in conjunction with third-party devices and components recommended and/or approved by SIEMENS.

Failing to adhere to these instructions may result in severe injury and/or damage to property.

National safety regulations must be closely observed.

1.2 Safety and application information

The safe use of electrical machines



These electrical machines are designed for use in industrial power systems.

Rotating or live and uninsulated parts pose a danger.

There is consequently a risk of fatal or severe personal injury or substantial damage to property if the necessary covers are removed without authorization or if the equipment is handled improperly, operated incorrectly or maintained inadequately.

If the motors are used outside industrial areas, the installation site must be safeguarded against unauthorized access by means of suitable protection facilities (e.g. fencing) and appropriate warning signs. The persons responsible for the safety of the system are under an obligation to ensure that:

- The basic planning work for the system and all work relating to transportation, assembly, installation, commissioning, maintenance and repairs are carried out by qualified persons and checked by responsible, suitably skilled persons.
- These instructions and the motor documentation are made available at all times while work is in progress.
- The technical data and specifications relating to the permissible installation, connection, ambient and operating conditions are taken into account at all times.
- The system-specific erection and safety regulations are observed and personal protective gear is used.
- Work on these machines, or in the vicinity of these machines, by unqualified persons is prohibited.

These instructions therefore only contain the information, which is necessary for the motors to be used by qualified persons in accordance with their intended purpose.

Note

We recommend engaging the support and services of your local SIEMENS service center for all planning, installation, commissioning and maintenance work.

2 Description

2.1 General

The Champion series motors are three phase cage induction motors, totally enclosed fan cooled (TEFC) type for low voltage supply. General-purpose motors type 1SE0/1LA2 conform to IS: 12615. The motors comply with the type of protection IP55 in accordance with IS 4691/IS/IEC - 60034-5. The degree of protection of the motor is specified on the rating plate.

IMB3 is the standard mode of construction. Other constructions are given on customer request.

Unless otherwise specified, the rated outputs apply to continuous duty (S1) at a frequency of 50 Hz, an ambient temperature between 0°C and 50° C and site altitude not exceeding 1000m above mean sea level.

2.2 Terminal box

The terminal box conforms to type of protection IP55 in accordance with IS 4691/IS/IEC - 60034-5.

For foot-mounted motors, the terminal box is provided on the top with cable entry from RHS (as seen from drive end) as a standard feature. If specifically ordered, terminal box position on the right or the left-hand side (when viewed from the drive end) can be supplied.

In order to provide for different directions for cable entry, the orientation of the terminal box can be altered in steps of 90°. The larger terminal boxes are normally provided with detachable inclined cable gland plate that also can be rotated in steps of 180°.

3 Operation

Warning

Before starting any work on the machine, be sure to isolate it from the power supply.



All covers which are designed to prevent active or rotating parts from being touched, or which are necessary to ensure correct air guidance and thus effective cooling, must not be opened during operation.

All deviations from normal operation (higher power consumption, temperature or vibration level, unusual noises or odours, tripped monitoring devices, etc.) are indications that the motor is no longer functioning correctly. In such cases, the maintenance technician must be immediately notified in order to prevent disturbances that could either directly or indirectly lead to severe personal injury or substantial material damage. If in doubt, powerdown the motor immediately in conformance with the system-specific safety requirements!



The surfaces of the machines can reach high temperatures, which can lead to burns in case of contact. Appropriate measures to avoid accidental contact must be taken.

3.1 Inspection, Storage & Transport



The motors may only be transported and hoisted in a position corresponding to their type of construction (i.e. horizontal construction types in horizontal position and vertical construction types in vertical position). The motors may only be hoisted using the lifting eyebolt(s) provided on the stator housing. Use appropriate rope guidance or spreading equipment (for weight see rating plate or technical data).



For lifting assembled machine sets (such as built-on gearboxes, fan units), always use the lifting eyebolt(s) or lifting pegs provided on both the units! Machine sets should not be lifted by suspending the individual machines! Check the lifting capacity of the hoist!



Only the intended openings, eyebolts and lifting pin on the base plates may be used for transporting motor sets. Always pay attention to the carrying capacity of the lifting device. Motor sets must not be lifted by attachment to the individual motors.

NOTE: The motors should not be lifted using the centre holes on the shaft DE and NDE, because the weight of the motor shall harm the bearing and reduce its performance and operational life.

The bearings should be regreased, if the motors are stored for more than 18 months prior to commissioning under favorable conditions (kept in a dry place free from dust and vibration). Under unfavorable conditions, this period is considerably shorter than above.

Check the packing of the motor on arrival and in case any damage is observed, please report to the nearest Siemens office.

Make sure that the right type of motor as ordered has arrived. The motor nameplate provides relevant information.

If the motor is not installed immediately, it should be stored in a dry and vibration free room.

The rotor of the motor with cylindrical roller bearing or angular contact ball bearing or special large bearing is axially locked in position with the help of sheet steel rotor locator at the shaft extension. This is to prevent damage to the bearing due to stand-still vibrations during transport. Do not remove this rotor locator until the motor is being coupled to the driven equipment. In special cases where the motor is to be transported after the fitting of the transmission elements like coupling/pulley, other suitable arrangements to secure the rotor must be made.

Motors of vertical type of construction with angular contact ball bearing should be transported in vertical conditions only. If horizontal transportation is a must, lock the rotor axially in position with the help of the rotor locator. If the motors are kept in stock (for more than 3 months) prior to commissioning, rotate the rotor for 10 to 15 revolutions every fortnight. For those motors supplied with rotor locator, remove the locator, do the above operation and reassemble the rotor locator in its place.

Caution (Environmental Protection)

Disposal of packing material: On unpacking the motors, the packing material shall be disposed as per the Local / Statutory requirements.

Special attention should be given to Polythene bags, thermocole packing and nylon straps etc., which are not biodegradable.

3.2 Mounting

All standard motors upto frame size 315M (except 2 pole motors of frame 315M) are suitable for horizontal as well as vertical mounting. i.e. Standard foot mounted motors can be used in IM-B3, B6, B7, B8, V5, V6 constructions or flange-mounted motor can be used in IM-B5, V1, and V3 constructions. For installation of foot mounted motors on a wall, adequate support should be provided to the mounting feet. All motors which have a shaft extension pointing upwards (V6 construction) must have a means (provided by the user) of preventing the ingress of dust and of liquids along the shaft.

Whenever the foot mounted motors have facility for mounting with alternative fixing distances corresponding to S&M or M&L frame designations, two holes are provided on the mounting feet at the non-drive end. Corresponding letters S, M, L are indicated near the fixing holes on the mounting feet.

3.3 Installation

After installation, screwed-in lifting eyebolt(s) should either be removed or tightened down.

Remove rotor locator (when provided) from shaft extension. Check the free running of the rotor by rotating the shaft by hand.

The shaft extension of the motor is coated with an anticorrosion agent. To remove this coating use kerosene / thinner. Do not use sandpaper or scraper.

Before mounting the motor, see that the motor feet are properly cleaned.

The transmission elements to be fitted to the motor should be dynamically balanced. Please note that the rotors of the motors are dynamically balanced with half key inserted in the shaft extension of the motor. Transmission elements must be fitted and removed only by means of suitable tool. Refer fig.2.

Caution

The keys are only secured against falling-out during transport. If the motor has two shaft ends, and a power take-off element is only fitted to one end, steps must be taken to prevent the key at the other end from being slung out.

Install the motor in such a manner that the cooling air has free access and can escape unobstructed. Discharged air or hot air from neighboring equipment, must not be sucked in again. Clean the entire path of air over the motor (between ribs and air inlet in fan cowl) at regular intervals to remove any foreign deposits, preferably by means of compressed air.

Motors are provided with plugged drain-holes, located at lowermost point on both the endshields for drainage of condensate water. Please ensure that these holes are the lowest point of the motor. If necessary rotate the end shield. Degree of protection is reduced if these plugs are not fitted.

For foot mounted motors to be fixed on the wall a support should be provided for the mounting feet from below.

In the case of motors with shaft end facing upwards or downwards, measures must be taken (by the user) to ensure that no water or dust can penetrate into the upper bearing. (Refer 3.2)

Initial lubrication of the bearings is carried out in works.

If belt drive is used, install the machine in such a manner that it can be shifted on its base (e.g. on slide rails) to obtain correct belt tension. Excessive belt tension may result in damage to the bearing and /or shaft. For permissible radial loads on shaft extension and recommended pulley sizes refer the Siemens catalog or contact our office.

Caution

Excessive belt tension may result in damage to the shaft / bearings; for permissible values, see catalog or enquire.

Due attention should be given to the measures necessary to prevent accidental touching of rotating parts (couplings, pulleys, etc.)

Quiet running

Stable foundations or mounting conditions, exact alignment of the motors and a well-balanced transmission element are essential for quiet vibrationfree running. If necessary, shims should be inserted under the motor feet to prevent strain.

3.4 Electrical connection

Examine the rating plate data and ensure that it matches with the power circuit to which the motor is to be connected. Check to see that system voltage and frequency agree with the data given on the rating plate. Select the size of supply cables as required for the particular current rating. Connect the supply cables in accordance with the connection diagram shown inside the terminal box cover.



All work on the motor must only be performed by qualified personnel, with the motor in a stationary state. The supply should be secured so that it cannot be switched back on again. Check that no voltage is present before commencing work.

Connection and arrangement of the terminal links must agree with the diagram provided in the terminal box.

Refer Fig. 3 to Fig. 6 for various Terminal box arrangements.

The bolted connections with metal contact surfaces (end shields, bearing cartridge parts, terminal box parts bolted onto the stator frame) should be tightened to the following torques, depending on the thread size:

	M4	M5	M6	M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	
А	1,2	2,5	4	8	13	20	40	-	-	Nm
В	1,3	2,6	4,5	10	20	34	83	160	280	Nm
С	3	5	8	20	40	70	170	340	600	Nm

Tolerance on torque: Tightening: ± 10%

The tightening torques in the different rows applies to the following cases:

- Case A applies to electrical connections in which the permissible tightening torque is normally limited by the bolt materials and/or the load-bearing capacity of the insulators (with the exception of the bus bar connections in case B).
- Case B applies to bolts/screws of property class 5.6 (acc. to IS: 1367-Part 3 (ISO 898-1)) or to bolts in components of lower strength (e.g. aluminum).
- Case C applies to bolts/screws of property class 8.8 or A4-70 (acc. to IS: 1367-Part 3 (ISO 898-1)), but only in screwed connections of higher strength components (e.g. gray cast iron, steel or cast steel).

Please refer to the relevant sections and drawings for all other tightening torques (electrical connections and bolted connections for parts with flat gaskets).

Ensure that the direction of rotation of the motor is as required. For induction motors, the direction of rotation can be reversed by interchanging two supply phase connections in the terminal box. All motors of type 1SE0 / 1LA2 are suitable for bi-directional rotation. Before closing the terminal box ensure that:

- Interior of the terminal box is clean and free of cable residue.
- All terminal screws and bolts are firmly tightened.
- Minimum air-clearance (>10mm upto 500V.
 >14mm upto 1000V) is maintained.
- Unused cable entries are sealed off with the plugging elements firmly screwed in.
- All sealing surfaces have adequate contact.

When the motors are provided with anti-condensation heaters, ensure that the supply to heaters is switched off before switching on the motor.

Before starting and during operation, make sure that all the relevant safety and statutory regulations pertaining to the area of operation is complied with.

3.4.1 Earthing

Connect the earthing conductor to the terminal with the earth marking in the Terminal box as well as on the Stator housing.

Clean the area underneath the earthing terminal and smear it with petroleum jelly before making earthing connections.

3.5 Checking the insulation resistance

The insulation resistance of the windings must be measured prior to initial startup of the machine, and after long periods of storage or standstill (approximately 6 months).



While the measurement is being taken and immediately afterwards, some of the terminals carry dangerous voltages and must not be touched.

Measurement

The insulation resistance of the windings to ground is measured with 500V DC. The winding temperature should be $30^{\circ}C \pm 15^{\circ}C$.

Checking

Minimum insulation resistance value (at 40°C) as specified in IS: 4722 is Rm = kV + 1, where kV is the rated voltage of the machine. Thus, for 415V rated voltage the insulation resistance of the winding should not be less than 1.42 MOhm.

If less the winding must be suitably dried as per IS: 900

3.6 Bearing and lubrication

All motors, as a standard feature, are provided with floating bearing at drive end and fixed bearing at non-drive end. Motors are provided with regreasing arrangement (grease nipples).

It is recommended that the greasing instructions and type of grease used as mentioned on the lubrication data plate should be followed. (Standard type of grease used is UNIREX N3 of ExxonMobil).

Mixing greases of different thickeners and basic oils reduce the quality and should therefore be avoided.

Only in special cases should deviations be made from the usual greasing data. The regreasing intervals should be shortened for instance, if the motors are operated at ambient air temperatures higher than originally allowed for, or if corrosive vapours occur or extremely heavy contamination is present.

While regreasing, clean grease nipples and press in the grease stipulated on the lubrication data plate using grease gun. At the same time, the shaft should be rotating in order that the new grease is distributed uniformly in the bearing. After regreasing, the bearing temperature will rise by a few degrees and drop to its normal value when the grease reaches its normal service viscosity and the excess grease has been forced out of the bearing.

The old grease from several greasing operations gathers in the space inside the outer bearing cover/ end-shields. Remove the old grease while overhauling the machine.

3.7 Balancing, transmission elements

A suitable device should always be used for fitting and removing the transmission elements (coupling halves, pulleys, pinions).

As standard, the rotors are dynamically balanced with the half key inserted.

When fitting the transmission element, keep the type of balance in mind! Balance with half key.



The usual measures should be taken to guard transmission elements from touch. If a motor is started up without transmission element attached, the key should be secured to prevent it being thrown out.

3.8 Commissioning

NOTE: Where the torque is very uneven (the drive of a reciprocating type compressor, for example), the inevitable result is a non-sinusoidal motor current, whose harmonics can lead to excessive system perturbation or excessive electromagnetic interference.

In case of converter-fed motors, high-frequency current or voltage harmonics in the motor cables can give rise to electromagnetic interference, the use of shielded cables is recommended.

Marning

Only expert persons should be entrusted with work on power installations. All covers which are designed to prevent active or rotating parts from being touched, or which are necessary to ensure correct air guidance and thus effective cooling, must be installed prior to commissioning.

Before commissioning, check that:

- The minimum insulation resistances are adhered to.
- The rotor turns freely without rubbing.
- The motor is properly assembled and aligned.
- The transmission elements are correctly adjusted (e.g. belt tension) and the transmission element is suitable for the given operating conditions.
- All electrical connections, mounting screws and connecting elements are properly fitted and tightened.
- All protective conductors are properly installed.
- Any auxiliaries that may be fitted (brakes, speedometer, separate fan) are in working order.
- Touch protection guards are installed around moving and live parts.
- The maximum speed n_{max} is not exceeded, especially for motors with variable speed drive.

NOTE: The maximum speed n_{max} is the highest operating speed permitted for short periods. It should be kept in mind that motor noise and vibration are worse at this speed, and bearing life is reduced. (For details refer catalogue or contact nearest Siemens office).

Caution

After motor installation, the brake, if fitted, should be checked for proper functioning.

It is not possible to formulate a complete checklist for all operations and applications. Other checks may also be necessary!

For motors fitted with brakes, also refer manual of brake enclosed with the motor.

For motors fitted with encoder, also refer manual of encoder enclosed with the motor.

4. Electromagnetic Compatibility

When used for their intended purpose and operated on electrical supply systems with features specified (in EN 50160), the machines satisfy the requirements of the EU Directive on Electromagnetic Compatibility 89/336/ EU, and IEC 60034-1 Clause 13.

Electromagnetic interference emission:

Note: Very uneven torque (such as with reciprocating compressor drives) forces a non sinusoidal motor current, the harmonics of which can cause both impermissible reaction on the system and impermissibly strong electromagnetic interference emission.

Note: In the case of converter fed machines, high frequency harmonic currents in the motor supply leads can give rise to electromagnetic interference emission, the magnitude of which depends upon the converter design (type, interference suppression measures, and manufacturer). That is why the use of shielded supply cables is recommended. In order to avoid exceeding the limit values specified in EN 50081 with a converter I motor drive system, the EMC data provided by the converter manufacturer should always be followed. If they recommend the use of shielded supply cables, the shielding is most effective if it is connected over a large area right up to the motor terminal box (with a metal cable gland). In the case of motors with built in detectors (e.g. PTC thermisters), interference voltages can occur in the detector cables due to converter related reasons.

Electromagnetic interference immunity:

The requirements of immunity to interference to EN 50082 are in principle, satisfied by the motors. In the case of motors with built in detectors (e.g. PTC thermisters), the operator himself must provide immunity to interference by selecting a suitable detector signaling cables with shielding (similar to the main motor leads)

Noise while operations with VFD supply:

Motors when used in VFD supply may exhibit higher noise level due to harmonics in the supply. Suitable measures should be employed to reduce this – if required.

5. Maintenance



The disposal of waste generated during operation & maintenance of the motor should be done as per the applicable local environmental legislations.



Waste Copper windings during repair and maintenance - to be collected as segregated waste and sent to registered recyclers approved by the respective State Pollution Control Board.

Safety Precautions



Before starting any work on the motor or other equipment, particularly before opening covers over live or moving parts, the motor must be properly isolated from the power supply. Besides the main circuits, any additional or auxiliary circuits that may be present must also be isolated. **Follow the "5 Safety rules"**

- Isolate the equipment
- Take effective measures to prevent reconnection
- Verify equipment is dead
- Ensure proper earthing connections
- Cover or fence off adjacent live parts

The precautions listed above should remain in force until all maintenance work is finished and the motor has been fully assembled.

Certain parts of the motor may reach temperatures above 50°C.

When cleaning the motor with compressed air, ensure that suitable exhaustion measures are used and appropriate personal protective gear is used. (goggles, face mask/filter or similar)

If chemical cleaning agents are used, observe the instructions and any warnings.

Chemical agents must be compatible with the motor's components/parts, especially when it involves plastics.

5.1 General

Periodic overhauling of the motor is recommended to ensure long trouble free service.

Before starting the maintenance work, make sure that the supply is disconnected. These motors are provided with closely pitched ribs for effective cooling of the motor. These ribs should be cleaned at regular intervals either by oil free compressed air, or by scraping, depending on the level of contamination.

The inside of the motor should be cleaned using dry compressed air during normal overhauling of the motor. Special care should be taken while cleaning the windings to remove loose dust, moisture etc.

5.2 Dismantling

5.2.1 Pressing on and pulling off drive elements

Use the tapped hole provided in the end of the shaft for fitting drive components such as couplings, gearwheels, belt pulleys etc. and, if possible, heat the components as necessary. Use a suitable puller tool for removing the components. Do not strike the components, e.g. with a hammer or similar tool, when fitting or removing them and do not exert more than the maximum value of radial or axial force – according to the catalog – transmitted to the motor bearings through the shaft extension.

5.2.2 Fans

Plastic fan

Thermo plastic fans have two cast-on tabs that snap into the ring groove on the shaft to prevent axial movement. Before the fan is pulled off the shaft, the two tabs must be disengaged (lifted up) and held temporarily in that position, e.g. by inserting packing.

Thermoplastic fans have two openings for the insertion of the puller arms so that the pulling force can directly act on the fan hub. On delivery, a film of plastic may cover these openings and later on they should be punched.

A suitable device (puller) should be used for pulling the fan off and pressing it back on. Hammer blows must be avoided to protect the fan and bearings.

Cast Iron fan

Cast iron fans are axial locked with separate circlip. Cast iron fans are best removed by engaging the puller arms on the outer rim of the fan. In case of larger fans, the puller holes provided on the hub can be used.

5.2.3 Removal of Bearings

For removing bearings use proper pullers. Re-usable bearings, which are non-separable (e.g. Deep groove ball bearing), should be withdrawn by attaching puller arms to the inner ring of the bearing. If it is a must to apply puller arms on the outer ring of the bearing, the bearing should be rotated during withdrawal to avoid damage to the bearing.



Waste grease & Greased cloth - to be collected as hazardous waste and sent to hazardous waste disposal facility for incineration.

Removal of bearings or inner rings which are not to be-used is facilitated by heating them with gas or welding torch.

Where ever motors are fitted with – Z series bearings – eg.: 6309 – Z, open the motor from drive end.



5.3 Re-assembly

The motor must be assembled in a dust free, dry and clean location.

As the motor conforms to the type of protection IP55, all machined mating surfaces are provided with a thin even coat of bearing grease. Provide a fresh coat of this grease at the time of re-assembly.

Unmatched surfaces are provided with rubber gaskets. At the time of re-assembly, ensure that the gaskets are in good condition. Place the gaskets carefully to achieve the correct sealing. Replace the gaskets with the new ones if the same are damaged.

All fasteners that are used on the exterior of the motor are provided with a coat of bearing grease to prevent ingress of water and dust through tapped holes. Ensure that the same is provided at the time of re-assembly.

Do not interchange location (DE & NDE) of bearing covers, as the spigot dimensions may be different.

A bearing must be replaced if it is damaged. Damage to bearing is often difficult to recognize; in doubtful cases, replace the bearing. Bearings, which have been removed, should be reused only if they show no trace of damage and provided they are thoroughly cleaned beforehand.

Clean bearings using proper cleaning agent like White spirit. It is advisable to wear gloves.

Caution

The cleaned bearing must be free of foreign bodies (fibres from cleaning rags, hair from brushes, etc.)

Caution (Environmental Protection)

The bearing to be discarded must be thoroughly cleaned from grease and should be intentionally damaged (using weld marks or cutters etc) to avoid reuse.

The removed grease is a hazardous waste and is harmful to environment causing soil pollution and water pollution. It should only be incinerated at an authorized agency and not disposed by any other means.

It is recommended that the new rolling bearings be installed as follows:

Heat the deep groove ball bearing or the inner race of the separable bearing, (Roller/Angular contact ball bearing) in oil or air to a temperature of approximately 80°C and slip them into the shaft. Heavy blows may damage the bearing and must be avoided. When installing single angular contact ball bearing, make sure that the broad shoulder of the inner race is with operating position pointing upwards i.e. in a direction opposite to that of the axial force.

After fitting, the bearing must be filled with sufficient quantity of grease.

Caution (Environmental Protection)

Waste insulation material is a hazardous waste and it should only be incinerated at an authorized agency and not disposed by any other means.

5.4 Initial fill of grease

Grease is to be filled in the bearing spaces completely, in-between the gaps of the rolling elements and in one-third open space, near the bearing, inside the inner bearing cover.

Pack the bearing cavities flush with grease! The cover plate or endshield is kept free of grease to prevent over greasing.

In case of regreaseable bearings, also fill the grease ducts in the endshield and the inner bearing cover.

When assembling the shaft sealing rings, ensure that they are fitted properly.

Ensure that the V rings are in the proper axial position. This is ensured with the help of auxiliary shim such that the bearing cover face / Endshield face and outer edge of the V-ring are flush.

Any worn sealing elements (such as shaft sealing ring, etc.) should also be renewed.

Whenever labyrinth seal is used, the gap between the labyrinth and Outer bearing cover should be filled with bearing grease.

NOTE:

- a) Motors provided with cylindrical roller bearings on the drive end sides have very high dynamic capacity. As per bearing manufacturers, the roller bearing performs satisfactorily only when it is radially loaded to approximately 2% of its dynamic capacity. In view of this, the roller bearing may not run smooth when the motor is run uncoupled or with low radial load (e.g. In direct flexible couplings.)
- b) Type of grease for standard machines:

Grease lifetime and lubrication intervals specified are valid for UNIREX N3 type of grease only.

Special greases are indicated on the lubricating data plate.

c) Avoid mixing different types of grease.

5.5 Joint sealing

When reassembling machines with degree of protection IP56 (see rating plate), the joint between the motor frame and the endshields are sealed with rubber 'O' rings. It should be ensured that these are not damaged.

6. Spare Parts

When ordering spare parts, please indicate the correct Motor Type, Serial Number (as shown on the rating plate) and also the correct part description. This will ensure speedy and correct delivery of spare parts. Please refer to the exploded view of the motor (Fig.1).

Caution (Environmental Protection)

Disposal of the product at the end of its life: When it is decided that the product cannot be repaired and is to be disposed off, care should be taken to adhere to Local / Statutory environmental requirements. It should be noted that the product contains grease, copper windings, insulation materials that are not biodegradable and are hazardous to the environment.

NOTE:

In addition to the above information, it is recommended that the user refers to IS: 900 – "Code of practice for installation and maintenance of Induction Motors".

Applicable Standards

The motors comply with the following standards:

IS: 12615: Specification for three phase induction motors

IS: 900: Code of practice for installation and maintenance of induction motors.

IS: 4691: Degree of protection provided by enclosure for rotating electrical machinery

IS: 7816: Guide for testing insulation resistance of rotating machines.

IS: 9628: Specification for Three phase induction motors with type of protection 'n'.

IS: 6381: Specification for construction and testing of apparatus with type of protection 'e'.

IS: 12065: Permissible limits of noise level for rotating electrical machines.

IS: 12075: Mechanical vibration of rotating electrical machines with shaft heights 56mm and higher – Measurement, Evaluation and Limits of Vibration severity.

IS/IEC: 60034-1: Rotating electrical machines – Part 1: Rating and Performance.

IS/IEC: 60034-5: Degree of protection for rotating electrical machines.

EN: 60204: Safety of machinery – Electrical equipment of machines.









All dimensions in mm.







		sion type cable inections.	5 mm ² 240 mm ²	300 mm²	ى	F GG	32 180	71 226	87 260				l dimensions in mm.
	Conductor Cross Section	olderless type cable Compres connections. 2 0 4 0	240 mm ² 618 240 mm ² 25	240 mm ² 50)	Z CC DD 6	29.5 M10 M6 120 1	37 M12 M8 240 1	48 M16 M10 300 1				AI
	Terminal box type	1XB7	422 M10 6 522 M12 10	622 M16 25		UVWXY	12 78 41 29.5 24	7.5 89.5 51 37 30	3.5 116 62 48 41				
			lox Cover	5		P Q R S	5 97 138 18 59 ⁴	120 161 23 70 4	156 206 25 91 6	of conduit entry hole	of conductor	M72x2.	
			Terminal B	ble End Box		K L M O	6 24 45.5 85 48.5	6 27 50.5 100 50	4 30 60.5 135 87	stance from center o	xx. permissible size	Nos. Conduit Entry	
				Ca		F G H -	56 126 21 20 5	66 150 21.5 23 6	84 196 29 30 8	Di Di	Э	(J) 2	
mensions		+	- x	:		B C D E	228 155 208 156	3 260 180 240 180	324 229 306 240	sket	lock	onnection assembly	lamp
ninal Box Dii		+				Terminal A Box	1XB7 422 294	1XB7 522 356	1XB7 622 422	 Rubber gat 	2 Terminal b	 Terminal c 	(4) Earthing cl
Terr													

Fig. 5



Motor Service Network in India



Siemens Expert House

Region	Office	Name	Mobile no.
East	Kolkotta	Kishor Yadao	9830912630
WR-1	Mumbai	Mr Kunwar Pratap Singh	9833041401
WR-1	Ahemdabad	Mr Haresh Shah	9825300909
WR-2	Pune	Mr Sandeep Pataskar	9822976541
WR-2	Nagpur	Mr Sandeep Pataskar	9822976541
North	Delhi	Abhishek Pandey	9910991211
North	Lucknow	Abhishek Pandey	9910991211
North	Chandigarh	Abhishek Pandey	9910991211
North	Jaipur	Abhishek Pandey	9910991211
South-1	Chennai	Praveen Pai	9840323334
South-1	Coimbatore	Praveen Pai	9840323334
South-2	Bangalore	Prakash Hegde	9632506222
South-2	Hyderabad	Prakash Hegde	9632506222

For Service Support:

Siemens Customer Care Desk Toll Free From BSNL/MTNL: 1800 22 0987 Phone: 022 2760 0150 Fax: 022 2762 3722 Email: ics.india@siemens.com

For Spares contact nearest stockist or send enquiries to:

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Siemens Products are environment friendly, which
predominantly consist of recyclable materials.PLASTICS : S
authorised of
because of t
guidelines m
taking the pFor disposal we recommend disassembling and separation into
following materials:Because of t
guidelines m
taking the p

recycling through authorised dealer.

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Because of the long lifetime of Siemens products the disposal guidelines may be replaced by other national regulations when taking the product out of service.

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MOT-02-120-049 (This replaces MOT-02-120-048) Customer care Toll free no. 1800 220 987. Email: ics.india@siemens.com

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